MINISTRY OF HEALTH OF UKRAINE

BOGOMOLETS NATIONAL MEDICAL UNIVERSITY

GUIDELINES to lectures

Academic discipline	Fundamentals of chemical metrology
Branch of knowledge	22 "Health care"
Specialty	226 "Pharmacy, industrial pharmacy"
Specialization	226.01 "Pharmacy"
Department	Analytical, physical and colloid chemistry

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Lecture N 1 "Metrology as a science of measurement"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

- general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to form systematized knowledge about the main stages of metrology development; to reveal the concepts of "physical quantity" and "measurement";

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know the subject, object and tasks of metrology;

2) to be able to classify quantities and measurements.

Stage of the lecture	Content of stages	Educational purpose of the stage	Time
Introduction	Present information on the need for a targeted policy aimed at the effective functioning of metrology systems, standardization and certification.	the topic of the lecture; familiarize students	5 minutes
Main part	1. The main stages of the	· · · · ·	.30
-	development of metrology:	about the development	minutes

	reveal the content of the six stages of the development of metrology.	0.	
	2. Measurement and physical quantity: definition of concepts; classification of measurements; measurement in chemical analysis; classification of quantities.	"measurement" and "physical quantity"; to	
Results	Highlight the importance of measurement in the field of chemistry and pharmacy.	Summarize the	5 minutes
Answers to questions	Active dialogue / discussion.	Explain the most difficult and unclear points of the lecture.	5 minutes

Basic

1. Introduction to Statistics in Metrology / S. Crowder et al. Cham : SpringerInternationalPublishing,2020,P.1-34.URL:https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412(date of access: 25.07.2024).

2. Taylor, J. K., Cihon, C. Statistical techniques for data analysis (second edition). Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2004, P. 1-7. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Additional

1. Barwick V. J., Prichard E. (eds.). Eurachem Guide: Terminology in Analytical Measurement – Introduction to VIM 3 (2011). P. 1-6. URL: <u>https://www.eurachem.org/images/stories/Guides/pdf/TAM_2023_EN.pdf</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u>

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. Concepts of "metrology", "measurement" and "physical quantity".

2. Object, subject and tasks of metrology.

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor

Lecture N 2 "Role of chemical metrology in pharmacy and medicine"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

- general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to reveal the meaning of chemical metrology in accordance with the needs and interests of the health care industry; to form systematized knowledge about the key aspects of the role of chemical metrology in pharmacy and medicine;

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know the areas of application of chemical metrology in pharmacy and medicine;

2) to be able to identify the tasks and significance of metrology in the relevant fields of pharmacy and medicine.

Stage of the lecture	Content of stages	Educational purpose of the stage	Time
Introduction	Present current data on the	Reveal the relevance of	
	role of chemical metrology		5 minutes
	in the pharmaceutical	familiarize students	5 minutes
	industry.	with the lecture plan.	
Main part	1. Fields of application of	Reveal the meaning and	30
	chemical metrology in	main tasks of the	minutes

	pharmacy:1) statistical processing of analysis results;2) metrological substantiation of pharmaceutical analysis methods;3) obtaining validation characteristics of pharmaceutical analysis methods.2. Metrology in medicine.	analysis:	
	Emphasize the need to	of metrology in the field of medicine.	
Results	To single out the importance of chemical metrology for pharmacy (medicine).	Summarize the presented material; emphasize the need knowledge and understanding of the basics of chemical metrology for the professional training of future masters of pharmacy.	5 minutes
Answers to questions	Active dialogue / discussion.	Explain the most difficult and unclear points of the lecture.	5 minutes

Basic

1. Riffenburg R. H., Gillen D. L. Statistical in Medicine (fourth edition). Academic press, 2020, P. 1-28. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Additional

1. Statistics and Chemometrics for Analytical Chemistry (seventh edition) / J. N. Miller, J.C. Miller and R. D. Miller : Pearson, 2018, P. 75-99. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u>

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. The main tasks of metrology of pharmaceutical analysis.

2. Analyze the list of categories of legally regulated measuring equipment subject to periodic verification, and to single out measuring equipment related to pharmacy / medicine.

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor

Lecture N 3 "Errors of measurement: general concepts and classification"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

- general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to reveal the essence and meaning of the measurement error; analyze the classification of errors; demonstrate and analyze the algorithms for checking the homogeneity of the sample using the Q-test and Grubb's test;

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know the classification of errors;

2) to be able to identify the type of error;

3) to know the peculiarities of applying the Q-test, Grubb's test and rule of the huge error;

4) to be able to identify outliers.

Stage of the lecture	Content of stages	Educational purpose of the stage	Time
Introduction	Present information on the need to study the obtained experimental data in order to assess errors and make appropriate corrections to	the topic of the lecture; familiarize students	5 minutes

	the final result.		
Main part	 Classification of errors: according to the method of expression; depending on the value of the measured quantity; according to the nature of behavior over time and according to the mode of measurements. Checking the homogeneity of the sample: algorithms for checking the homogeneity of the sample using the Q-test, Grubb's test and rule of the huge error. 	about the classification of measurement errors and the ability to identify the type of error. Master the skills to determine the presence / absence of mistakes (gross errors) in the	30 minutes
Results	To single out the fact that the homogeneity of the sample is a necessary condition for ensuring the reliability of statistical processing of the results of quantitative analysis.	presented material; emphasize the practical value of knowledge about the classification	5 minutes
Answers to questions	Active dialogue / discussion.	Explain the most difficult and unclear points of the lecture.	5 minutes

Basic

1. Statistics and Chemometrics for Analytical Chemistry (seventh edition) / J. N. Miller, J.C. Miller and R. D. Miller : Pearson, 2018, P. 1-14, 49-52. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

2. Taylor, J. K., Cihon, C. Statistical techniques for data analysis (second edition). Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2004, P. 100-107. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024). *Additional*

1. Barwick V. J., Prichard E. (eds.). Eurachem Guide: Terminology in Analytical Measurement – Introduction to VIM 3 (2011). P. 6-16. URL: <u>https://www.eurachem.org/images/stories/Guides/pdf/TAM_2023_EN.pdf</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

2. Ellison S. L. R., Williams A. Eurachem/Citac Quide: Quantifying Uncertainty in
Analytical Measurements (third ed, 2012). URL:

<u>https://www.eurachem.org/images/stories/Guides/pdf/QUAM2012_P1.pdf</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

3. Pereira P. Eurachem/CITAC Guide "Assessment of Performance and Uncertainty in Qualitative Chemical Analysis" – A Medical Laboratory Perspective. *Standards.* 2022. Vol. 2, no. 2. P. 194–201. URL: https://doi.org/10.3390/standards2020014 (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u>

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. Classification of errors.

2. The concept of "error" and "outlier".

3. Algorithms for Q-test, Grubb's test and rule of the huge error.

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor

Lecture N 4 "Errors in chemical analysis"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

– general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to analyze the specifics of chemical analysis as a metrological discipline; reveal the causes and sources of errors in chemical analysis;

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know the specifics of chemical analysis as a metrological discipline;

2) to know the causes and sources of errors in chemical analysis;

3) to be able to determine and predict possible causes and sources of errors when performing experimental research.

Stage of the lecture	Content of stages	Educational purpose of the stage	Time
Introduction	Present information that chemical analysis studies methods and means of measuring the chemical properties of substances and the composition of samples.	the topic of the lecture; familiarize students	5 minutes
Main part	1. Specificity of chemical	Form an understanding	30

	analysis as a metrological discipline: measurement of various parameters; application of various measurement methods; use of standard samples of substances; non-linear dependencies; processing of complex multidimensional data.	chemical analysis as a	minutes
	chemical analysis:	and sources of errors in chemical analysis; to form the ability to	
Results	To single out the opinion that inin chemical analysis, it is important to take into account the errors that may occur at various stages of the analysis.	Summarize the presented material; emphasize the importance of the ability to identify and predict possible causes and sources of errors when performing experimental research.	5 minutes
Answers to questions	Active dialogue / discussion.	Explain the most difficult and unclear points of the lecture.	5 minutes

Basic

1. Statistics and Chemometrics for Analytical Chemistry (seventh edition) / J. N. Miller, J.C. Miller and R. D. Miller : Pearson, 2018, P. 1-14. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

2. Introduction to Statistics in Metrology / S. Crowder et al. Cham : Springer International Publishing, 2020, P. 23-33. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024). *Additional*

1. Bettencourt da Silva R., Ellison S. L. R. (eds.). Eurachem/CITAC Guide: Assessment of performance and uncertainty in qualitative chemical analysis. First

Edition.Eurachem,2021.48 p.URL:https://www.eurachem.org/images/stories/Guides/pdf/AQA_2021_EN_v01a.pdf(dateof access: 25.07.2024).(date

2. Ellison S. L. R., Williams A. Eurachem/Citac Quide: Quantifying Uncertainty in Analytical Measurements (third ed, 2012). URL: <u>https://www.eurachem.org/images/stories/Guides/pdf/QUAM2012_P1.pdf</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

3. Pereira P. Eurachem/CITAC Guide "Assessment of Performance and Uncertainty in Qualitative Chemical Analysis" – A Medical Laboratory Perspective. *Standards.* 2022. Vol. 2, no. 2. P. 194–201. URL: <u>https://doi.org/10.3390/standards2020014</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u>

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. Characteristics of chemical analysis as a metrological discipline.

2. Concepts of "systematic error", "random error", "instrumental error", "methodical error", "personal error", "computational error".

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor

Lecture 5 "Metrological characteristics of pharmaceutical analysis"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

- general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to analyze the formulas for calculating the main metrological characteristics of the analysis method; to form systematized knowledge regarding their practical significance; to develop the ability to interpret the results of calculations;

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know the formulas for calculating the main metrological characteristics of the analysis method;

2) to be able to calculate the main metrological characteristics of the analysis method;

3) to be able to present the results of quantitative analysis using statistical processing;

4) to be able to interpret the results of calculations.

Stage of the lecture	Content of stages		Educational p the sta		Time	
Introduction	Present information		Reveal the re	levance of		
	thatmetrological		the topic of t	he lecture;	5 minutes	
	characteristics	of	the	familiarize	students	

	analysis method are established by statistical processing of the obtained experimental sample.	with the lecture plan.	
Main part	Demonstrate formulas for calculating the main metrological characteristics of the analysis method and analyze them using specific examples, namely: sample mean, standard deviation, variance, standard deviation of the mean value, relative variance, relative standard deviation, relative standard deviation of the mean result, confidence interval.	skills regarding the calculation of the main metrological characteristics of the analysis method andpresenting the results of quantitative	30 minutes
Results	Highlight significance statistical processing of quantitative chemical analysis results.	-	5 minutes
Answers questions	o Active dialogue / discussion.	Explain the most difficult and unclear points of the lecture.	5 minutes

Basic

1. European Pharmacopoeia / European Directorate for the Quality of Medicines & HealthCare of the Council of Europe. – tenth edition, volume 1. Strasbourg : Council of Europe, 2019. Section 5.3. Statistical analysis of results of biological assays and tests. P. 683-713. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

2. Taylor, J. K., Cihon, C. Statistical techniques for data analysis (second edition). Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2004, P. 47-52. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024). *Additional*

1. Statistics and Chemometrics for Analytical Chemistry (seventh edition) / J. N. Miller, J.C. Miller and R. D. Miller : Pearson, 2018, P. 16-34. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. Formulas for calculating the main metrological characteristics of the analysis method.

2. Presentation of the results of quantitative analysis.

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor

Lecture N 6 "Validation of analytical procedures and tests"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

- general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to form systematized knowledge regarding the validation of analytical methods and tests; analyze analytical tests and methods that are subject to validation; explain validation characteristics and requirements; to be aware of the importance of validation of analytical methods and tests for pharmacy and medicine;

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know analytical tests and methods that are subject to validation;

2) to know validation characteristics and requirements;

3) to be able to determine the list of necessary validation characteristics for various tests and methods.

Stage of the lecture	Content of stages	Educational purpose of the stage	Time
Introduction	To present information that method validation is an extremely important process in scientific research, pharmacy and medicine.	the topic of the lecture; familiarize students	5 minutes

		l .	·
	Validation is the procedure of checking the accuracy, reliability and suitability of a technique or instrument used to measure, evaluate or control data.		
Main part	1. Analytical tests and methods subject to validation: identification tests; quantitative tests to determine impurities; limit test for impurity control.	regarding the appointment and practical application of	
	2. Validation characteristics and requirements: correctness, precision; specificity; detection limit; limit of quantification; linearity; range of application.	about the practical significance of validation characteristics and	30 minutes
Results	Highlight the importance of validation of analytical methods and tests in pharmacy and medicine, which consists in ensuring scientific validity, accuracy and confidence in measurements and results.	Summarize the presented material; to emphasize the importance and relevance of the acquired knowledge for	5 minutes
Answers to questions	Active dialogue / discussion.	Explain the most difficult and unclear points of the lecture.	5 minutes

Basic

1. B. Magnusson and U. Örnemark (eds.). Eurachem Guide: The Fitness forPurpose of Analytical Methods – A Laboratory Guide to Method Validation andRelatedTopics,(2nded.2014).URL:

<u>www.eurachem.org/images/stories/Guides/pdf/MV_guide_2nd_ed_EN.pdf</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Additional

1. Barwick V. J. and Prichard E. (eds.). Eurachem Guide: Terminology in Analytical Measurement – Introduction to VIM 3 (2011). P. 18-22. URL: <u>https://www.eurachem.org/images/stories/Guides/pdf/TAM_2023_EN.pdf</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u>

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. Analytical tests and methods subject to validation.

2. Validation characteristics and requirements.

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor

Lecture N 7 "Main ideas of correlation and regression analyses"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

- general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to form systematized knowledge about the basics of regression and correlation analysis; analyze the linear regression equation and calculate its parameters; analyze types of non-linear regression; analyze the correlation coefficient calculation; analyze the detection limit calculation; to realize the practical significance of the considered methods;

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know the basics of regression analysis;

2) to be able to calculate parameters of linear regression;

3) to know the types of non-linear regression;

3) to know the basics of correlation analysis;

4) to be able to calculate the correlation coefficient;

5) to be able to calculate the limit of detection.

Stage of the lecture	Conte	ent of sta	iges	Educational p the sta		Time
Introduction	Present	in	formation	Reveal the re	levance of	
	thatwhen	using	many	the topic of t	he lecture;	5 minutes
	chemical	and	physico-	familiarize	students	

	ahamiaal mathada -f	with the leature rlar	
	chemical methods of quantitative analysis, a certain value can be directly measured <i>in</i> , which is a linear function of the desired concentration (quantity) <i>h</i> substance or element to be determined.	with the lecture plan.	
Main part	 Linear and non-linear regressions: demonstrate appropriate graphical dependencies and mathematical equations; calculation of linear regression parameters and correlation coefficient. Statistical assessment of the detection limit: concept and meaning of this validation characteristic; calculation of the detection limit. 	of the basics of regression and correlation analysis and the skills to perform the necessary calculations. Acquire knowledge about the practical significance of knowledge of the basics	30 minutes
Results	Highlight the significance of linear dependence for many chemical and physicochemical methods of quantitative analysis and the practical value of the detection limit as a validation characteristic.	presented material; to emphasize the importance and relevance of the acquired knowledge for	5 minutes
Answers to questions	Active dialogue / discussion.	Explain the most difficult and unclear points of the lecture.	5 minutes

Basic

1. Statistics and Chemometrics for Analytical Chemistry (seventh edition) / J. N. Miller, J.C. Miller and R. D. Miller : Pearson, 2018, P. 120-150. URL: https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412 (date of access: 25.07.2024). *Additional* 1. Introduction to Statistics in Metrology / S. Crowder et al. Cham : SpringerInternationalPublishing, 2020, P. 63-68. URL:https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412 (date of access: 25.07.2024).

2. Taylor, J. K., Cihon, C. Statistical techniques for data analysis (second edition). Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2004, P. 126-133. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u>

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. Linear and non-linear regressions.

2. Detection limit: definition, practical significance, calculation.

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor

Lecture N 8 "Basic concepts of probability theory. Probability distributions for discrete and continuous random variables"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

- general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to form systematized knowledge about the basics of probability theory; analyze the distribution laws of discrete random variables; analyze the distribution laws of continuous random variables;

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know the main theorems of probability theory;

2) to be able to perform calculations according to Bernoulli's formula;

3) to know the main characteristics of the binomial distribution and the Poisson distribution;

4) to know the main characteristics of the exponential distribution and the normal distribution law.

Stage of the lecture	Content of stages	Educational purpose of the stage	Time
Introduction	Present information that the theory of probabilities is the basis for the justification of	the topic of the lecture;	

questions	and unclear points of the	minutes
	lecture.	

Basic

1. Riffenburg R. H., Gillen D. L. Statistical in Medicine (fourth edition). Academic press, 2020, P. 51-88. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

2. Introduction to Statistics in Metrology / S. Crowder et al. Cham : Springer International Publishing, 2020, P. 59-77. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Additional

1. Taylor, J. K., Cihon, C. Statistical techniques for data analysis (second edition). Chapman and Hall/CRC, 2004, P. 185-188. https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412 (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u>

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. Random events and probabilities of events.

2. Functions of random variables.

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor

Lecture N 9 "Chemometrics as an interdisciplinary scientific discipline. Review of main chemometric methods"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

- general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to form systematized knowledge about the main tasks of chemometrics and the main chemometric methods; analyze the principles of basic chemometric methods;

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know aspects of implementation of basic chemometric methods;

2) to know the practical application of basic chemometric methods;

3) to be able to propose the necessary chemometric method for solving the relevant problems of quantitative analysis.

Decture plan.			
Stage of the lecture	Content of stages	Educational purpose of the stage	Time
lecture		uie stage	
Introduction	Present the information that	Reveal the relevance of	
	chemometrics isscienceat the	the topic of the lecture;	
	junctionapplied	familiarize students	5 minutes
	mathematicsandchemistryand	with the lecture plan.	5 minutes
	is currently a modern and		
	effective means of solving a		

	wide range of problems.		
Main part	 Wide range of problems. The main areas of application of chemometrics: creation and management of chemistry databases; prediction of properties of chemical compounds and materials; pharmacophores and pharmacophore search; molecular similarity and search by molecular similarity; virtual screening, computer synthesis, visualization and research of chemical space, molecular design of chemical compounds with given properties. Overview of the main chemometric methods: principal component analysis; principal component regression; classification and regression; classification and regression trees; formal independent modeling of class analogies; method of support vectors; partial least-squares regression; artificial neural networks; cluster analysis; discriminant analysis. 	about the main fields of application of chemometrics as an interdisciplinary science; to realize the significance of chemometrics for pharmaceutical analysis. Acquire knowledge about the principles of application and algorithms of operation of the main	30 minutes
Results	Highlight the significance of chemometrics in the creation of new medicinal products, in the investigation of the authenticity of medicinal products, in solving the problems of identification and classification.	presented material; to emphasize the importance and relevance of the acquired knowledge for	5 minutes
Answers to questions	Active dialogue / discussion.	Explain the most difficult and unclear points of the lecture.	5 minutes

Basic

1. Statistics and Chemometrics for Analytical Chemistry (seventh edition) / J. N. Miller, J.C. Miller and R. D. Miller : Pearson, 2018, P. 235-261. URL: https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412 (date of access: 25.07.2024). Additional

1. European Pharmacopoeia / European Directorate for the Quality of Medicines & HealthCare of the Council of Europe. – tenth edition, volume 1. Strasbourg : Council of Europe, 2019. – Section 5.21. Chemometric methods applied to analytical data. P. 817-836. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

2. Gummadi S., Chandaka P. K. Chemometrics Approach to Drug Analysis – An Overview. *American Journal of PharmTech Research*. 2019. Vol. 9, no. 1. P. 1–13. URL: https://doi.org/10.46624/ajptr.2019.v9.i1.001 (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. Tasks of chemometry and its practical application.

2. Basic chemometric methods.

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor

Lecture N 10 "Application of chemometric methods in pharmacy and medicine"

Type of lecture: traditional (informational).

Competencies:

- **integral competence:** ability to solve tasks of research and/or innovative nature in the field of pharmacy;

- general competencies (GC):

1. Ability for abstract thinking, analysis and synthesis (GC 01).

2. Knowledge and understanding of the subject area; understanding of professional activity (GC 02).

3. Ability to work in a team (GC 06).

- professional competences of the specialty (PC):

1. Ability to integrate knowledge and solve complex problems of pharmacy / industrial pharmacy in broad or multidisciplinary contexts (PC 01).

2. The ability to collect, interpret and apply data necessary for professional activity, carrying out research and implementation of innovative projects in the field of pharmacy (PC 02).

Purposes:

1) didactic purpose – to analyze the tasks and problems of pharmaceutical analysis that can be solved or optimized with the help of chemometric methods;

2) educational purpose – to contribute to the formation of a scientific outlook;

3) developmental purpose – to develop intellectual abilities, thinking, independence.

Lecture equipment: multimedia system, appropriate software.

Tasks of the lecture:

1) to know the practical application of basic chemometric methods in the field of pharmacy and medicine;

3) to be able to propose the necessary chemometric method for solving the relevant problems of pharmaceutical analysis.

Stage of the lecture	Content of stages	Educational purpose of the stage	Time
Introduction	thatchemometric methods	familiarize students	5 minutes

		- 1	
	raw materials, powders and		
	dosage forms to controllin		
	various processes and stage	5	
	of production.		
Main part	Application of chemometri methods in pharmacy prediction of various type of activity of chemica compounds; prediction of toxicity; control of th pharmaceutical production process; identification and classification.	: about the practical application of basic l chemometric methods f in the field of pharmacy and medicine.	30 minutes
Results	powerful development o	h presented material; to f emphasize the f importance and f relevance of the acquired knowledge for the work of research d and / or innovative s nature of future masters f of pharmacy.	5 minutes
Answers questions	to Active dialogue / discussion	Explain the most difficult and unclear points of the lecture.	5 minutes

Basic

1. European Pharmacopoeia / European Directorate for the Quality of Medicines & HealthCare of the Council of Europe. – tenth edition, volume 1. Strasbourg : Council of Europe, 2019. – Section 5.21. Chemometric methods applied to analytical data. P. 817-836. URL: <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u> (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Additional

1. Gummadi S., Chandaka P. K. Chemometrics Approach to Drug Analysis – An Overview. *American Journal of PharmTech Research*. 2019. Vol. 9, no. 1. P. 1–13. URL: https://doi.org/10.46624/ajptr.2019.v9.i1.001 (date of access: 25.07.2024).

Information resources

1. <u>https://nmuofficial.com/en/zagalni-vidomosti/kafedri/department-medical-general-chemistry/</u>

2. <u>https://likar.nmu.kiev.ua/md/course/view.php?id=7412</u>

Questions for student self-preparation for the lecture:

1. What modern conditions contribute to the development of chemometric methods?

2. Application of chemometric methods in pharmaceutical analysis.

The methodical instruction is developed by Yaroslava Pushkarova – Associate Professor of Analytical, Physical and Colloid Chemistry Department, PhD in Chemistry, Associate Professor